WANTS," "FOR SALE," OFOR RENT. LOST, "FOUND," BOARDING." .c. Ad-filsements coming under these headings, not ex-eding five lines, will be inserted , with for \$5 cents ANTE A GIRL To wash and from and from the city. Sand give a good recommendation of the city. Man give a good recommendation. ANTEB-A GIRL. To cook, and wash and iron. Also one to do shamber work, and take care of children. Mast know how to wash and iron. German, preferred. Apply at 137 Ninth-street, between Race find Rim. (ap12-b*)

WANTED—GIBL—A good German Girl Imme diately; to do the homework of a small family Apply at No. 266 Ninth-street, near Baymiller, [apl2-b*]

WANTED-TO SELL-A new boold & Website Manufacturing Sewing Maphine at twenty do lars bridge cost. This machine is warranted for thre years. Call at 2024 Fifth-treet and see it. apt2-42 MENDAL SHAFER.

WANTED BLACKSMITH-A No. 1 Carries pi'n, to go to the sountry. Apply to HUNTER, EDMESTON & CO., Dealers in Sandlery, Hardware, And Carriage Trimmings, No. 160 Main street

we12-b*

WANTED BOARDERS The house No. 26
West Fifth-street is row open for the reception
of boarders. A few recesses are still vacant and a number of guntlemen can be accommedated with day
board. The location is desirable, being near the
business part of the city.

ANTED AGENTS—Thirty secute to sell a new and useful article that is used in every samily, as much so as bread. The business is strictly benomine, to sell and respectable. An agent can realize from 54 to 510 per day. No capital, required alias from 54 to 510 per day. No capital, required symmetry useful and respectable. An agent can religious for ALLEM of the Jones House, corner of Symmetry useful Ninth-streets, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

W ANTED THE CHINESS INTERNATION OF rend-this sich astronous Latermatics given grates at JUINSON S Gallery. Ninh and Main, and a perfect likeness for ten tents, and a very beautiful targe picture, yieldy colored in a gill, frame, fit to adora any paster; for the very low price of St. apil-a WANTER—SITUATION—By a boy thirteen years of uge, who me had some experience in a retail grocery and dry goods store. Apply at No. 446 Fifth-street, corner of Park.

WANTED-TWO CANVASHERS—Also Cooks, Chambermaids, Nurses, Barkeepers, Porters, Farm Hands, etc. isood rejiable help procured on short notice at WARREN & CO. S General Agency, 303 Elm-street.

WANTED TO RENT A small cottage or part of a respectable dwelling in the western part of the sity. Best not to exceed \$10 per month. Only two persons in the family. References given, Address H. J. A., Press Office.

WANTED-Men seeking altuations as clerks, salesmen, beok-heepers, bar-keepers, perfors, coopers, mechanics, laborers, and others, should apply at the Merchanits Clerks' Registry Office, No. 128 Walnut-street. [api3-b*] HALE & CO. WANTED—JAPANESE CEMENT—How to make it may be learned grafts at JOHNSON'S Gallerry, Ninth and Main, and a good likeness for len conts, and a very beautiful large picture, richly vilored in a gill frame, fit to adorn any parlor, for

ANTED - A first-class retail Dry Goods Salesses man. Single man preferred. Address Box 233, Dayton, Ohio.

WANTED SITUATION-A young Garme Protestant girl wishes to obtain a situation ANTED STATEMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

WANTED—A person who can loan \$200, (amply accured). A pleasant situation given at \$9 per week and expenses. Apply personally, between the hours of 9 A, M, and 4 P. M., at room No. 1, fifth stery American Express Company Building, Third-street.

WANTED-ROOM-An unfurnished room, near the center of the city. Hent not to exceed \$4 per month. Address W. H.W.LETT, at this office. [apll-b*] WANTED—All persons having sewing machines which they want taken apart and thoroughly cleaned at their residences, either during the day or an the avening, to send their address to M. J. S., cars Daily Press. Terms moderate.

WANTED-BY A PRACTICAL MECHANIC hment as neachine-shop or wood-working hment as book-keeper and clerk. Could take of several kinds of wood-working machinery, to to a good place in the country. Address. . Press Office.

WANTED - STUATION-By an experience can believer. The best references can be given Address E., Henris Rouse. WANTED—TO MERCHANTS—A roung main of good business habits is desirous of obtaining a situation as bookkeeper, assistant bookkeeper, aslesman, entry or shipping clerk. Best city references given. Address J. M. C., Box 1,075, Postofice.

WANTED-CABINET-MAKER-To work of comms. Steady employment and good wage will be given. Apply a: WILTSEE'S Undertaker Office, corner of Longworth and Plum-streets.

ANTED TO PUBCHASE On Walnut Hills, a small house and lot, not to exceed \$1,300. Address JOHN R., at this office, stating price, location and terms.

WANTED—TO S.F.I. L.—Double-entry Book-keeping Scholarsbirs on Bacon s, Ohio, Gen-dry's and Western Colleges—good for day or evening study. Time unlimited, Young men seve money by buying certificates. Apply at Tuttle's Exchange Office, north-west corner of Sycamore and Third, apt-and W. E. AUKLEY.

WANTED-TO SELL OR EXCHANGE-Pa-tont Right for Corn-husker, patented by H. Strait, for real estate, at the south-west corner of Sixth-st. and Central-avenue-Daguerrelan Booth. [api-am]

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A gentleman and wife and three pleasant rooms by applying at 77 George street, second door west of Plum.

BOARDING—Three or four single centlemen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and board at 298 West Fifth-street. Terms \$5.00 & nex BOARDING-Two or three gentlemen can be ac-commodated with boarding. Also a few day-boarders. Apply at 422 Court-street, between Cen-tral-syenus and John-street. apl2-be

BOARDING—A few gentlemen can be accom-modated with good board and pleasant recom-ou reasonable forms. A few day-locarders can be also accommodated by applying at 203 kin-street, be-tween lifth and Lenworth.

HOAR DING: A sentleman and wife can be acconsisted with an unfurnished front room, with gas, by applying at 365 face-attest, between lighth and Minth. Good references given and required.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT-Two brick houses, each containing eight rooms, Nos. 306 and 308 Race-street, newly painted and papered; gas, etc.; all in complete order. FOR RENT-ROOMS-Three large rooms, suffable for storage rooms. Inquire at 174 Mais api2 b

FOR RENT-FURNISHED ROOMS-Gentle men destring tine, large, airy reoms, with gas, is a quiet house, can be accommodated by applying a No. 182 Plum-street, near Fifth. apil-be FOR HENT-100MS-Two unfurnished rooms to a goatleman and wife or single gentlement Apply at the grocsry, north-east corner of Sevent and Main.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-OB EXCHANGE-A No. 1 Farm of 70 acres, on a good pike, nine miles from the city, containing a good of trame boxes of seven rooms, frame barn, good orchard, and 15 acres of timber, which will be sold for one-third cash, one-third loits, Indiana or Illinois lands or merchandise, and Ohio, Indiana or Illinois lands of herobands, and three years. For furth particulars call on TAYLOR & WARD, Real Letta Agents, 170 Vine-street, up stairs.

FOR SALE-BUGGY AND HARNESS A sec-ond hand top buggy and harness, in good condi-tion. Will be sold reasonably. Apply at No. 264 Mound afreet.

Mound-street.

FOR SALE-OR TRADE-A RARE BARGAIN. Three hundred and twenty series of fand in Missouri, which I will sell for cash, or Irade for groceries, sty goods, etc. for particulars finguise of JOHN SHEPH-RIBSON.

apr-aw Commerced George and Line street.

FOR SALE-CARRIAGES. Sec. 99 jet and chasper than they can be bought in Cincinnati. All work warranted for one rear, and best of city references given. Terms pash. New Bean thick street, Cit. apr-am.

JOHN A. SHANNON.

FOR SALE—CALORIC ENGINE—The Caloric Engine, which is known the whole country over as the one used for the publication of the Penny Press, Address JOHN D. CALDWELLO, mailting the property of the publication of the Penny Press, Address JOHN D. CALDWELLO, mailting the public property of the public property of the public public property of the pu LOST.

MISSING FROM HAMILTON, ORIO, is slightly craw at the mame of JOSEPH RACAL, who is slightly craw at times. The last that was heard of him was that he was on the care of the Chickman, Hamilton and Dayton Railread, with the intention of coming to this city to see his brother. Any information respecting him will be fundationly decreased by

THE DAILY PRESS. THURSDAY

City News. Dwalling House at Augmon —At half-past eleven o'clock this morning. J. Graff & Co. sell the swelling house and lot forty feet front by nimety to an alley. See advertisement.

Marzonological Observations—By Henry Ware, Optician, April II:

Goloch, Burenier, Thermonate, 27-34 Above sero—56
4 F. M. D. B. Above sero—56
4 F. M. D. B. Above sero—56 POCKET PICKED.—A man named E. G. Col-lard had his pocket picked of a gold watch, last night while attending a Sparring exhibi-

ionon Sycamare street. Strongs at Lick Ruy Lunavic Asylum.— A man named Joseph Kracke, yesterday moraling baped from the third-story of the Lick Rua Lunatic Asylum, and was instantly

THE LATE CASE OF MALICIOUS STABBING.
George Albrer, who was charged with maliciously stabbing John Mason, night before last, was yesterday sentenced to the dungeon of the County Jall and fined \$50 and costs. The wound was a slight one upon the hand, and the charge was changed to assault and battery.

Discharge of the Allegge Drakers is Spurious Money.—John C. Peters and Samuel Long, arrested day before yesterday upon a charge of attempting to pass a quantity of broken bank-bills which were found in their possession, were discharged without cramputation, for the reason that there was no law to cover the offense.

LETTERS DETAINED FOR WANT OF POSTAGE, pril 11:

April 11:

Messire J. P. & J. E. Bogne, Shreveland, Ind.,
Wm. A. Fisher, Baltimore, Md.
W. R. Hukill, Conveniance, O.
Spr. H. Bendel, Albany, N. Y.
Mrs. Dani, Orange Albon, Ill.
Mrs. Mary C. Wiley, Lafavette, Ind.
Miss Surah, A. Smith, St. Louis, Mo.
J. Simkins, Kikton, O.

New Way to Pay Old Debts.—Lewis Boman, one of the proprietors of a drinking establishment on Sycamore-street, between Third and Fourth, was fined \$5 and costs yesterday morning in the Police Court, for an assault committed upon the person of a young man who presented him with a bill and demanded its payment. This highly original method of paying one's debts was not fully appreciated by Judge Lowe, or it is quite probable the punishment would have been still more severe.

TEMPORARY DIVORCE OF A LOVING COUPLE.

Mrs. Miller, of Delhi Township, yesterday, caused the arrest of her fourth husband, by charging him, before Justice B. B. Davis, with threatening to take her life. She has, we believe, three husbands living, and undoubtedly availed herself of this opportunity to obtain a temporary divorce from the fourth. After a careful hearing of the case the Justice held the defendant in the sum of \$300 for his appearance before the next term of the his appearance before the next term of the Court of Common Pleas, but in default sent

Cincinnati Bells Consecrated at Foat Wayne.—The German Catholics of Fort Wayne, Indiana, recently consecrated two large bells, one weighing 1,200 and the other 800 pounds, manufactured by J. S. Hanks, of this city, and intended for a large and elegant church which has just been finished in that place. The ceremonies were conducted in the usual manner by Bishop Lecers and Fathers Benoit and Wentz; twenty-five females and the same number of males officiating as sponsers at the baptism of the bells.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNTY COMMISSION-PROCREDINGS OF THE COUNTY COMMISSION-ERS.—At their regular diurnal session yester-day morning, the County Commissioners passed orders amounting in the aggregate to \$2,173 70, of which \$1,267 10 were paid for the maintainance of the immates of the House of Refuge, for the month of February and March; \$625 to James B. Bell for salary as County Surveyor, of himself and deputy; \$141 60 to Oliver Perrin for flour for the South-western Lunatic Asylum, and \$140 to Middleton, Strobridge & Co. for lithographing plans of the new jail. Apart from the above no business of importance was transacted.

THE LATE DIFFICULTY BETWEEN DRS. NEWTON AND HEIGHWAY.—The examination of the
witnesses in the case of Dr. O. E. Newton,
Capt. James Newton and George Whitmore,
charged with an assault and battery upon the
person of Dr. Heighway, was concluded yesterday. No new facts were elicited in regard
to the matter, but the testimony for the
defense showed a number of circumstances
in justification of the course of Dr. Newton
that had not been developed. The case has
already been stated, and we have nothing to
add to what we have said heretofore in recard to it. The accument has not been THE LATE DIFFICULTY BETWEEN DRS. NEWgard to it. The argument has not been inished, but the case will, in all probability, go to the jury to-day.

RECEIPTS AT THE MAYOR'S OFFICE DURING THE PAST YEAR,—Mr. Charles Betts, the Mayor's Clerk, last night, presented to the City Council his report of the amount of money received from various persons during the year, ending April 10:

the year, ending April 10:	
To sell Gunpowder	10 386
Rent of City Lot	293
Ward	2,000
Drays Express Wagons Hackney Conches	207 232 98
Omnibuses. Pedlars. Hucksters. Exhibitions and Balls.	1,463 5,229
Street Railway Cars Per Capita tax from Street Railways Free	785 11,090 814
Total .	\$23,766

Weekly Report of the City Auditor.— The City Auditor last night reported to the City Council the following receipts and expenditures of the city during the week ending last Saturday, together with the amount of money remaining in the Treasury at that time:

time: RECKIP TS. 934 66 2,751 94 Total General Fund.
Police Court and City Prison I'and.
Watch Fund
Superior Court Fund
McMicker Fund
Work-house Fund
Firs Department Fund
Common School Fund

\$24,013 57 There are now remaining in the City Treas-ury the following sums: ury the following sums
General Fund...
Watch Fund...
Interest Fund...
Fund...
Fund...
Fund...
Fund...
Fund...
Work home Fund...
McMicken Fund...
Sinking Fund... 2,665 23,292 2,416 9,626 199 6,116 6,272 211,127 6 42,942 7 1,494 3

Mickell Fund king Fund muon School Fund (bonds and cash)... ored School Fund Total.....

NEWPORT NEWS. Condition of the Streets.—We hope Council will take some measure for the improvement of the streets. Their present condition is, indeed, deplorable. Sde-walks, with the exception of those on Yora and one or two other streets, are almost unknown.

\$353,173 19

Mayon's Coust Yesterday.—A little girl about eleven years of age, the oldest child of Mrs. Wittsee, now in fail, was bound to Mr. Addleson, who will provide her with a home. Two or three men were fined small sums for petty offenses, when the Court adjourned. STOLEN PROPERTY RECOVERED.—The silver-ware stolen from Major Caldwell's residence a few nights since was yesterday found se-creted under some marble slabs in the stone-yard belonging to Mr. Schroll, on Bellevue-street. Nothing has occurred to direct sus-picion on any particular individual as the guilty party.

THE MECHANICS AND MANUFACTURERS'
EXCHANGE—REFORT OF THE COMPITTIES ON BANKING.—The attendance at the meeting of the Machanics' and Manufacturers' Exchange yesterday morning was quite large. Mr. S. S. Rows, in the absence of the Chairman of the Committee on Banking, teal a paper on this subject, which will doubtless be of interest to all classes of readers. From this report we extract the following:

"The Committee on "Banks and Banking," appointed by the members of the Mechanics' and Manufacturers' Exchange, to whom was committed the subject of ascertaining what plan, if any, could be adopted to give to the mechanical and manufacturing interests of Cincinnati that constant, steatly, pecuniary aid which their importance demands, and which other cities, more favored than we are with banking capital, invariably extend to them; beg leave to report that in their opinion these facilities, can only be reliably increased in four ways: Either by the establishment of a bank, under the General Banking Law, passed by the Legislature in 1851; or by the passage by the Legislature of a new General Law, different in its features from the one just referred to, by the passage of a General Law, different in its features from the one just referred to, by the passage of a General Law incorporating "Savings Banks," or by the establishment of an Individual Partnership by some of the wealthier members of the Association.

Law incorporating "Savings Banks," or by the establishment of an Individual Partnership by some of the wealthier members of the Association.

"With regard to the first of these plans, viz. The establishment of a bank under the law of 1851, the Committee can not say that they look with any very considerable amount of favor. The capital could only be \$500,000, and although its means would be very considerably increased by such a 'deposite account' as an institution so established would be sure to enjoy, still, the rate of interest being confined by the terms of the charter to six per cent., and its loans being subject to a tax, which, in this county, always exceeds one and three-fourths, they doubt if enough would remain to the stockholders, to make it sufficiently remunerative to induce parties who have spare means to invest in it. There is no doubt that a bank got up on this plan, devoted to the interests of the mechanics and manufacturers of the city, would, if well managed, be of very great benefit to them, and through them to the city generally; but as the Committee sappose that the intention of the Association is, that the managers and getters up of a bank devoted to their interest should not themselves be between their interest should not themselves be between their literest for money-making as should induce those who have money which they are anxious to invest, to take stock in the certainly reasonable expectation that their dividends will always be a handsome return for the use of their money, and the stock, consequently, always a cash article, good for its face at least, whenever their necessities or other circumstances called upon them to dispose of it. Feeling that such a result as this could not with any certainty be promised by an institution got up under this law, the Committee do not feel able to recommend it 60 the Association; and, therefore, pass on to consider the second proposition, viz. The passage, by the Legislature, of a new general law, more liferal in its character than the one just ref

"We have reason to suppose that the diffi-culties in regard to obtaining the approval of the people of the State of a really good general Banking Law have been overrated, and we should be willing to petition the Legislature to pass a law establishing a bank free from the entanglements of branches.

and we should be willing to petition the Legislature to pass a law establishing a bank free from the entanglements of branches, and with perfect liberty to take or refuse the notes issued by other banks of the State. A currency equal in all respects to specie would then be established, and the measure, meeting the approval of the people of the State, would in due course of time become a law.

"Several members of the Association are in favor of a well-regulated law, to be passed by the Legislature, for the establishment of "Savings Banks," which should allow to their depositors from 4 to 5 per cent. on their savings, and have the privilege of charging from 8 to 10 per cent.

"There is no doubt that a well regulated and well-managed Savings Bank is badly wanted in our city. There are large amounts of money now hoarded in old stockings and iron safes, producing nothing but care and anxiety to the owners, which, if we had a really safe depository, with a reasonable assurance that principal and interest would both be forthcoming when wanted, would come from their various hiding places, and increase the available capital of our city.

"A general law of this kind might also be obtained from the Legislature, at their next meeting, and there is no doubt that great good would grow out of it to all the parties concerned, and consequently to the city generally.

"If the members of our Association are of

"If the members of our Association are of "If the members of our Association are of opinion that all of these plans are inexpedient, either from the delay attendant upon getting them into operation, or from any other cause, or that we need all these plans and something more besides, we invite their attention to our fourth proposition, which is, that an INDIVIDUAL PARTMERSHIP should be formed, by a sufficient number of the wealthier members of the Association, to give the bank so established a character and standing which would command business both at home and from abroad."

CITY COUNCIL—PROCEEDINGS LAST NIGHT.
The Council met at the usual hour, President Torrence in the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. The annual message of the Mayor was received, and five hundred copies were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Eggleston, from the Committee on Rules, reported those of the last Council, with a few amendments, which, after some discussion, were adopted.

Mr. Glass presented a petition from A. Haggerty, asking Council to pay him \$150, for damages sustained by him to a horse and cart, injured by Latta's Street Railroad locomotive. Withdrawn until the Standing Committee are announced, in order to allow a reference.

The weekly reports of the City Auditor. CITY COUNCIL-PROCEEDINGS LAST NIGHT.

a reference.

The weekly reports of the City Auditor, City Solicitor, &c., were read and filed.

Mr. Noble introduced the following ordinance, regulating the improvement of streets:

nance, regulating the improvement of streets.

Sec. 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Cincinnati, that in all cases in which the City Council by ordinance has heretofore directed and declared to be necessary, or shall hereafter declare to be necessary, any work for the improvement or repairs of any streets, lanes, alleys, markst-spaces, public wharves or landings of the city, it shall be the duty of the Beard of City Improvement to recommend by resolution to the City Auditor, to enter into the proper contrast of the execution of the amonofore made recommendations, in such cases to the City Council, and that thereupon it shall be the duty of the City Auditor to take the same steps, with respect to auch contracts, as have been heretofore lad, upon the adoption of resolutions to contract in such cases by the City Council, accept in case of failures by the parties recommended by the Beard of City Improvements, to enter into their contract within five days, that fact shall be reported to the Board of City Improvements, instead of the City Council.

Sec. 2. This ordinance to take effect from and af-

Referred to a select committee of three—Messrs. Noble, Eggleston and Whitson.
Mr. Noble presented a communication from Samuel Wiggins, giving the city notice, according to the requirements of an ordinance of January 7, 1838, that he intended to cancel the ferry contract referred to in that ordinance.

Messrs. Whitcomb, Mayer and Clearwater were appointed a temporary Committee on Police and City Prison.
Mr. Johnson offered the following resolution:

Mr. Johnson onered the following resolution:

Whereas, At a former meeting of the City Council, privilege was granted to the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company to lay down rails on Front-street, for the-purpose of connecting the two depots, and crossings have been placed over several streets running north and south, thereby preventing the passage of water during heavy rains, and causing considerable damage; thereby.

Be it resolved. That the Commissioners of the Southern District be, and the same is heareby authorized to have the gutter crossings, which have been placed over the several streets, taken up, and also to have the gutters made in as good condition as they were previous to the laying down of said crossings, and the expense of the same be charged to the securities of the parties who

crossings, and the expense of the same be charged to the securities of the parties who obtained said grant.

Referred to the Board of City Improvements in connection with the City Solicitor.

Adjourned.

AMUSRMENTS

The Mayor trusts the present season will not pass without witnessing the improvement of the ground the city has purchased for Parks. On Washington Park \$100,000 have already been expended and yet it is in a wretched condition. The fence on Twefthstreet has been entirely destroyed, and the square has become a renderyous of huckster's carts, washer-women, and tile, victous boys. The grading is incomplete some tombs are yet remaining, and broken and ruined, present a desolate appearance.

He recommends the appropriation of sufficient funds to complete the grading, they planting, and broken the complete state of the commendation of the superintendence of some skillful and experienced person. If the Episcopal grounds along the superintendence of the city to make the purchase. That such may be done, he has little doubt, in view of the spirit which the vestry of Unitst Church have manifested in the matter.

He recommends, also, a judicious expenditure of funds for the purpose of feuring and improving the West End Parks, and trusts that the City Council will take immediate steps to carry these suggestions into effect this summer.

HOSPITAL.

In his remarks upon the Hospital, he says, the dominal for a new one is paramount to all these subordinate questions. The present Legislature having passed a bill at its late seasion, limiting the amount of expenditure and providing the conditions undewhich its erection is to be made. He hopes that Council will take immediate steps to carry into effect the provisions of the law.

THE CITY INVIRMARY. THE CITY INFIRMARY.

Under the judicious management of the Directors, and of Colone Robinson and his lady, the able Superintendent and Matron, the Infirmary farm has been greatly improved. The roof of the main building has been renewed; gas works for lighting the building have been established; a new building has been contundiously sitted up for the colored poor and infirm; the earriage way from the pike to the house, and the farm roads, have been graveled; trees have been planted, and the whole placed in the most complete order. This work has been done chiefly by the Superintendent, with the all of the more active in-matee of the Infirmary, and at a comparatively small expense to the city.

mates of the Infrinary, and at a comparatively small expense to the city.

The Mayor thinks that the city might annually be saved the large expense of keeping poor non-res-idents by the judicious outlay of a small sum of money, and suggested that Council place in the lands of the Mayor a small fund for sending home of such poor as belong elsewhere, and of such as desire to return to their friends—the expenditure of the fund to be reported by the Mayor quarterly to Council.

The address calls attention to the ordinance passed in April, Isie, creating a Board of Health, and recommends the amendment of the ordinance in such manner, as will create a permanent, as the Board of Health, having imposed upon them similar duties and clothed with similar powers as pertain to such Boards of Health in the large cities of our country. SWILL MILK.

As a suitable method to abate this growing evil, he urges the passage of an ordinance requiring milk wagons within the city limits to be licensed; that each milk desier obtain from the Mayor a license to sell milk in the city by Tegistering with the Mayor the number of each wagon and the location of his dairy, and painting upon each wagon the number thereof, together with the mane of the proprietor. It should be the duty of a proper committre of comcil, or members of the Board of Health, to visit the localities of these dairies, at least twice each year; and upon their report to Council that any such dairy is not kept in a healthful condition, the Mayor should be authorized to revoke their license. SWILL MILK.

STREET CLEANING.

An ordinance has existed for some years preventing the throwing of ashes, dirt and garbage into the street; but as on provisions were made for its removal, it was considered impolitic, if not impossible to enforce the law. At the last meeting of council a new ordinance was passed in regard to contracting for cleaning the streets and removing the garbage, &c. The provisions of that ordinance he approved and believes that if faithfully carried out it will secure a degree of cleaniness to which we have hitherto been strangers.

RTREET PAVING.

BTREET PAVING.

The assessment for bowleer paving upon private property alone, last year, amounted to \$92,000. Some collision having occurred between the contractors and the Water Works as to the right of each, in the case of laying water-pipes in streets about to be paved, he calls your attention to the matter, that it may be adjusted by ordinance, and says it is of the greatest importance that gas and water pipes should be laid in the streets before the permanent pavement. STREET PAVING.

SEWERS.

In speaking of this subject the Mayor urges the adoption of some measure by which sowerage may be obtained in those localities most in need of it. Such sewers should of course be constructed with reference to a general system of sewerage, whenever undertaken.

BOUSE OF REFUGE.

This is an institution of which we have reason to be proud. In fact I know of no city that can produce its superior. Its structure and adaptation for the purposes for which it is intended are compilete, and its management under the able Board of Directors who control it, and the competent superintendent and Matron has been were satisfactory.

Alreadone it is an able to superintendent and Matron has been were satisfactory.

Alreadone it is importance in providing a suitable home for the young, who for the commission of minor offenses have been arrested. The immates are not only cultivated by receiving a good education, but they are taught habits of fadustry and country, while their moral and religious training is not neglected. All are taught some trade, and strong inducements are held out to stones them to attentive action in their studies and work, and to maintain a good moral character.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

The number of schools is now 22 in all. Of these if are primary, t are intermediate, and 2 are high schools. The whole and the value of the schools proposed in the superior of the schools and the buildings will be immediately erected, when the increasingly large number of children will be better accommodated and their grades better classified.

WATER WORKS. It is a matter of gratification to the public that under the judicious management of the present Directors, the income has so stendily increased as to enable them to reduce the water rents about twenty-five per cent. To the poorer classes of the city this will be a great boon. During the next year 20,000 feet of pipe has been laid, including a main line through the Seventeenth Ward.

The Mayor weaker, in the highest terms, the Five

The Mayor praises, in the highest terms, the Fire Department, offers some arguments in favor of the introduction of the Fire Alarm Telegraph. The es-timated value of property belonging to the Depart-ment is \$304.35 28.

BILLIARD SALOONS AND PAWNBROKERS In referring to these institutions he desired that an refinance may be passed requiring thom to take out to enses, and says that the anounts derived from uch a source would add largely to the revenue of the

THE POLICE.

The police force of Cincinnati numbers only on hundred and fifty-arise men, including officers an station-house keepers. This is a much smaller number, prepartionately, than the force of any other large city. With a population of two hundred an Higy thousand inhabitants, the wonder about not that there is so much crime committed in the city but rather considering the small number of the night watch, that there is not more.

INSECURE BUILDINGS. In regard to this matter, the Mayor recommends the infroduction of an ordinance appointing a Su-perintendent of Buildings, whose dury it shall be to examine every new structure that may be erected in the city, and also have superintendence of the re-moval of old buildings.

REPORTS OF CITY OFFICERS. Mayor Bishop suggests the amendment of the ordi-nances so that the city officers would all make their reports at the same time, and that they be printed in uniform style.

In speaking of the financial condition of the city the message says that "the amount of money in the Treasury subject to warrant on the lat of March, 1500, was \$107,125 on greater than at the same time in 1809. Of this smount \$62,295 27 is a gain to the fluiking Fund. This exhibit of the Treasury is the subject of the treasury is the subject of the city government."

CONGLUSION.

In concluding his address to the Council Mayor Biehop speaks of the late Legislative visit, and of the envianic position (Incimnat has attained among the cities of the country, and closes with the following paragraph:

"Helying upon your judgment and discretion in the municipal regislation, it will be my earnest endeavor to carry into effect the provisions of your laws, trusting that by mutual good will and interest we shall honor the city that has honored us with its suffrages."

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FOR SALE.—This morning at nine o'clock, J. Graff & Co. sell the furniture, piano and Harrison-wagon, at No. 192 George-street.

COVINGTON NEWS.

but a small portion of this space is occupied by houses engaged in this species of
trade.

If the retail and manufacturing parts of the
city and its suburbs would become populous
and wealthy, they must do all in their power
to assist in keeping up this concentration.
Scatter manufacturing establishments everywhere; introduce every facility for rapid and
cheap communication between them and the
center, where their wares are taken for disposal, and all interests are mutually advanced.
Covinging is in every respect an integral part
of Cincinnanti. It is nearer to the Postoffice
of the latter place than is the Seventeenth
Ward, the Eleventh Ward, the Brighton
House, or even Freeman-street. The river,
though a small, is no insuperable barrier, and
whatever obstacles it presents, can be easily
overcome. The better the method of communication between the two places, the
greater will be the advantages to both, but
especially would this be true of Covington.
For every inhabitant Cincinnati would gain
from us, if the bridge and a street railroad
were constructed, we would gain ten from it.

For every inhabitant Cincinnati would gain from us, if the bridge and a street railroad were constructed, we would gain ten from it. The first year would give us an increase of one-fourth on our present population.

Business men are not blind to the advantages we possess, whether they wish to select residences or places to establish manufactories. With reference to the former, we need say nothing, but will confine ourselves exclusively to the latter.

There are now in Covington two or three saw-mills, one rolling-mill, to which we understand will soon be added a second, in the old locomotive works, one or two founderys, and about the same number of planing-mills, which constitute the limit of our large manufactories. On the opposite side of the river, for two miles, these establishments are crowded as closely as circumstances will admit, and yet there are millions of dollars seeking investment. Covington has two miles of eligible river bank, and why do not capitalists avail themselves of the opportunities presented? It is almost as near the public landing and Columbia-street as the Sixth Ward, and the only advantages the latter possesses are the facilities of communication, and the transit of their wares to a market. This land on the bank of the river, and running back sufficiently for all practical purposes, can be purchased for one-fourth as and running back sufficiently for all practical purposes, can be purchased for one-fourth as much as it would readily command on the other side; and with a bridge and railroad, so that freight and pasengers can be taken from here to Cincinnati and returned, we should not long witness a hideous common, extending from Madison-street to the Fifth-street ferry.

If the citizens of Covington would increase

If the clizens of Covington would increase their wealth, they must not expect to do it by laying an embargo upon ingress and egress; as here and there a petty demagogue would suggest; but they must maintain the liberal policy they have inaugurated; they must secure the erection of a bridge across the Ohio River as soon as possible; inaugurate a system of street railroads; extend their gas lights to the westward; construct water works, and improve streets.

With the exception of the latter, none of these need cost the city a dollar. It already has \$100,000 in the bridge, which may be saved, but not lost, as it is already gone, unless the work is completed. Give companies an opportunity, and water-works, street railroads, the bridge, gas, will all come, of course. Council need offer no particular inducements, only let it throw no obstacles in the way, and the work will be accomplished.

Concerts.—Hooley and Campbell's Min-

CONCERTS.—Hooley and Campbell's Min-strels, late George Christy's, will give two entertainments at Odd Fellows' Hall, in this city, on Friday and Saturday evenings next.

next.

A Neuro Servant Migtaken for an American Consul.—An American Consul residing some time since at a port on the Mediterranean was induced to hire a servant, who was a sleek African, and as black as the ace of spades. The Consul at the time he engaged the African discovered that his wardrobe was in rather a dilapidated condition, and he took the African to a "slop shop," dressed him in a suit of blue with gilt buttons, bought him a black hat and had a plated gold band put around it.

In a day or two afterward the Consul took a drive in the country to a suburban village, the African sitting by his side a f Anglais. Shortly after their arrival, the Consul, who was sitting in the parlor of the hotel, was attracted by a confusion in the street, and on looking to the window to see what was going on, lol and behold! the African was walking up and down before the hotel door with a procession of boys, who every now and then would scream out, "Look at the American Consul, (Console Americano") Here he goes; there he goes; look at him!" The African enjoyed the joke amazingly, and puffed away his segar like a Turk of the Seventeenth Century. The people absolutely believed that the negro was the Consul and the Consul the servant. servant.

Touching Instance of Canine Affection.

Many months since, says the Louisville (Ky.)

Courier, James Johnson, a German grocer,
was detected in buying stolen goods from a

This

This was detected in buying stolen goods room a slave, knowing the same to be stolen. This constituted a felony, and he was committed to jail to answer. During his incarceration, a little dog, who refused to abandon his master when all others had forsaken him, master when all others had forsaken him, visited him every day. About noon the faithful brute would appear at the prison, and waiting a chance when the ponderous iron door was flung open, he would rush in and lick his master's hand through the iron grating. Last October Johnson obtained ball and fled. Since that time the dog has come to the fail nearly every day in search of one to the jail nearly every day in search of the master be will probably never see again. Yesterday he obtained access to the prison, and failing to meet the one he sought, the poor brute retraced his steps slowly and in a melancholy mood.

Extraordinary Secession From Cath-oldinary.—The lababitants of two Bohemian villages in the vicinity of Konigsgratz, num-bering about five-hundred souls, have em-braced Protestantism in a body. The ex-traordinary conversion is said to be due to the molestations inflicted upon the people by their priests, under the pretense of spiritual supervision.

A DRUNKEN MAN TORN TO PIECES BY A RAILWAY TRAIN.—A man named Thomas Clark, lying down on a railroad track near Pittsburg, Penn., recently, to sleep off a fit of drunkenness, went to sleep but never waked again. A passing train tore his body into fragments, and scattered them along the track for a quarter of a mile.

It cost Mr. Butler, of Jefferson County, Va., about \$1,100 to reclaim his fugitive slave, Mosca Horner

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH. XXXVIII CONGRESS PRIST SESSION

WASHINGTON, April 11.

Washington, April II.

SENATE—The bill to amend the patent laws was takes up and registered, by yeas 19 and nays 19, the Vice-President voting nay.

Mr. Hale introduced a bill for the protection of witnesses in criminal cases in the District of Columbia.

Mr. Pugh, from the Judicial Committee, asked to be discharged from further consideration of the memorial of Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, of New York, relative to the establishment of a United States District Court, at Binghampton, New York.

Mr. Gwin moved to take up the bill for the transportation of the mails overland to the Pacific.

Mr. Green opposed the motion. He had to

Pacific.

Mr. Green opposed the motion. He had to go away and he desired to express himself on the bill.

Mr. Rice moved to recommit the bill to the

Mr. Rice moved to recommit the bill to the Postoffice Committee.

Mr. Hale thought the Butterfield route stood in the way of a satisfactory arrangement of the mail service to the Pacific. There was, however, little difference of opinion as to the Salt Lake route. He thought it ought to be considered at once.

After further debate, the subject was passed

After further debate, the subject was passed over.

Mr. Hale introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Naval affairs to inquire whether any corporal punishment has been substituted since the abolition of floging in the navy, and by what authority, and what steps have been taken in regard to the recent murder on board the United States vessels, and what steps may be necessary for the protection of seamen on board United States merchant vessels. Adopted.

Mr. Mason offered a resolution, which he would call up to-morrow, for the adjournment of both Houses of Congress from the 19th to the 30th of April.

ment of both Houses of Congress from the 19th to the 30th of April.

The Homestead Bill was taken up.
Mr. Johnson, of Tenn., replied to Mr. Mason's remarks of yesterday.

After some remarks of Mr. Mason in reply to Mr. Johnson, Mr. Wigfall said he was tired of this twaddle about the people. He denied that the Homestead Bill was a Democratic measure, and fisked when it became a part of their platform. It has been adopted by the Republicans, and is designed to cut the throats of Southerners. Anybody that denies that this government is a compact between the States, is no Democrat. He reiterated that the Homestead Bill constituted a part of the Republican platform.

Mr. Pugh denied that the Republican platform says anything about the bill.

the Republican platform.

Mr. Pugh denied that the Republican platform says anything about the bill.

Mr. Wigfall continued his remarks, which were of a very discussive character.

Mr. Douglas urged the propriety of fixing a day for the final vote.

The bill was recommitted, with instructions to be reported back on Tuesday, and with the understanding that it shall be pressed to a final vote. Adjourned.

HOUSE,—The House resumed the consideration of the bill for the admission of Kansas into the Union.

Mr. Maynard said this subject came before the House under different circumstances than it did two years ago: then the contest was between border ruffians and emigrant aid societies; between Sharp's rifles and bowie-knives. Blood was then flowing from her wounds and her virgin soil was descerated. Now all was peaceful. He was satisfied from the argument yesterday of Mr. Parrott, delegate from Kansas, that it was his opinion that Kansas had not the required population for a Representative in the House. He opposed the admission of Oregon and Minnesota because their respective constitutions permitted alien suffrage, and, besides, he did not believe that Oregon has now a population of fifty thousand. He referred to the Opposition Tennessee Platform, in which the extension of the period of probation for foreigners is advocated, and that foreigners not naturalilized should be prevented from voting at the elections.

On this declaration seven out of ten mem.

eigners is advocated, and that foreigners not naturalized should be prevented from voting at the elections.

On this declaration seven out of ten members of Congress on this floor were elected. The provisions of the Wyandotte Constitution, he argued, are obnoxious to this object and come within the category. If a residence of six months is sufficient to entitle foreigners to citizenship, then change the naturalization laws. If this period is too long, then declare them citizens the moment they reach our soil, and administer to them the oath of citizenship, so that they may be punished if guilty of treason, and reward if true and loyal to our country and its interests. He moved that the bill be recommitted to the Committee on Territories, with instructions to limit the boundary so as to exclude all lands belonging to the Cherokee Indians. This we owe to our American charter and our treaty of faith with this tribe.

Mr. Gooch made a meech denying that the

charter and our treaty of faith with this tribe.

Mr. Gooch made a speech denying that the plea of Kansas had formed her Constitution in violation of law, and said that the admission of new States was a matter for the dissection of Congress. He trusted that Kansas would be admitted into the Union, and thus the strife that has so long existed, in regard to have terminated.

the strife that has so long existed, in regard to her, be terminated.

Mr. Quarles opposed the bill, and said that Kansas having repudiated the English Bill, was here without authority of law.

Mr. Cox declared himself in favor of the passage of the bill, as a friend of the people of Kansas.

Mr. Smith, of Va., and Mr. Garnett, severally expressed their views against the bill.

Mr. Grow eleged the argument in favor of the bill.

Mr. Maynard's motion to recommit was lost. The bill was then passed through, by ayes 132, nays 73.

The bill declares that the State of Kansas shall be admitted into the Union under the Wyandoute Constitution, on an equal floting with the original States in all respects whatsoever. The boundaries begin at the point on the Western boundary of Missouri, where the 37th parallel of North latitude crosses the same; thence West on said parallel to the 35th meridian of longitude, West of Washington; thence North on that meridian to the 4th parallel of latitude; thence East on said parallel to the Western boundary of Missouri; thence South with the Western boundary of tinat State to the place of beginning. Provided that nothing contained in the Constitution of Kansas shall be construed to impair the rights of persons or property now pertaining to the Indians in that Territory, according to existing treaties nor shall their treaty be included with the State, until said tribe shall have signified their assent thereto. taining to the indians in that refrictly ac-cording to existing treaties: nor shall their treaty be included with the State, until said tribe shall have signified their assent thereto. Until the next general apportionment Kan-sas shall be entitled to one member in the House of Representatives. The remainder of the bill contains the usual land provisions. Adjourned.

Adjourned.

Washington Items.

Washington, April 11.—The Commissioner of Patents has granted an extension of the Morse patent for seven years from to-day, but has not yet prepared a written opinion. It covers the patent of 1846, including the instrument now in use and the mode of transmission.

The Kansas Bill passed the House by a large majority. Only three from the slaveholding States voted for the bill—Messrs. Barrett, Etheridge and Webstor. An equal number from the non-slaveholding States voted against—Messrs: English, Sickles and Scott. Absent and not voting were thirteen Southern and three Northern Democrats, and nine Opposition, including three Southern Americans.

The colloquy between Messrs. Pryor and

Americans.

The colloquy between Messrs. Pryor and Potter, in the House to-day, has led to initiatory steps on the part of Mr. Pryor for a duel, an invitation having been extended to Mr. Potter, through a friend, to leave the District for the purpose of receiving a challenge. lenge.

Missonri Demecratic State Convention.

St. Louis, April 11.—The proceedings of the Democratic State Convention, at Jefferson City, yesterday, were not very harmonious and little progress was made.

The Committee on Resolutions agreed upon a platform, which will be presented this morning, indorsing the main features of the Buchanan administration; affirming, that neither Congress nor a Territorial Legislature have the power to abolish or prohibit the introduction of sixvery into the Territories; repudiating the Douglas doctrine favoring the fugitive slave law; charging the invasion of Virginia as the legitimate result of the-teachings of the Republican party; repudiating the stereotyped charge of disunion sentiments so often repeated for party effect against the Democratic party; demouncing the doctrine of irrepressible conflict.

On State politics the platform dodges the railroad issue by proposing to refer it to the people at the next election; asserting, however, that it is alike to the interest and duty of the State to encourage a judicious system of internal inversements within the consti-

ever, that it is alike to the interest and duty of the State to encourage a judicious system of internal improvements within the constitutional limit of the State debt.

A resolution advocating the peaceful acquisition of Territory, especially of Suba, was added to the platform this morning, when the whole report was adopted.

After several ineffectual ballots for Governor, Claiborne F. Juckson was unanimously nominated, and Thomas C. Reynoids was also unanimously nominated for Lieutenant Governor. B. F. Massey, the present Secretary of State, and A. W. Morrison, the present Treasurer, were nominated for re-election.

The Freshet Above.

Pirrssuno, April 11.—The heavy rains for the past few days have caused a freshet, at-tended by the destruction of considerable property. The low lands along the Monon-gabela and Alleghany Rivers are completely inundated. The rise came so suddenly that several coal-boats in the Monongabela were

several coal-boats in the Monongabela were swept over the dam and sunk.

The number lost was thirteen; the loss being over \$16,000. The loss in the Alleghany has been considerable; several manufactories have been flooded, and families in some instances were driven from their dwellings. The railroads have also suffered from land slides, which have impeded travel. Altogether it has been one of the most destructive freshets experienced for many years.

The rivers have mostly now attained their highest stage, rising about an inch per hour. The Monongabela pier mark indicates twenty-nine feet and four inches; only twenty inches less than the great freshet of 1852.

Overland Mail. Springfield, Mo., April 11.—The overland nail, from San Francisco March 23, arrived

mail, from San Francisco March 23, arrived this afternoon.

A movetuent is on foot to organize a Union party in California.

The telegraph line on the Butterfield route will, by the middle of April, be completed to Visalia, about two hundred and fifty miles from San Francisco. The State telegraph line will be finished between Sacramento and

Placerville this week, making two complete wires from San Francisco to Placerville, where they both connect with the Carson Valley line.

Valuable silver ore has been discovered near Georgetown, Eldorado County, The accounts from the Washo silver mines are

(By Telegraph.)

New York Market.

New York, April 11—The Flour market is 5c, better, with a good demand for home consumption and a moderate export inquiry, which is checked heavy by the firmness of holders: sales of 1,500 brls, at \$5 30@5 32½ for superfine State; \$5 40@5 30 for extra State; \$5 30@6 53 for superfine Western; \$5 65@5 75 for common to medium extra Western; \$5 90@6 50 for shipping brands of extra round-hoop Ohio, market closing quiet and firm. Included in sales are 2,500 brls, export, and prices within the range. Canadian Flour is also doing better, with fair demand: sales of 390 brls, at \$5 90@7 20 for common to choice extra. Rye Flour steady, with small sales at \$3 70@4 40 for common to choice extra. Rye Flour steady, with small sales at \$4 for Brandywine. Buckwheat, Flour dull and heavy, with trifling sales at \$13 70@1 62 per cwt.

Whisky quiet and without material change: sales of 250 brls, at 22@22½c., chiefly the inside price.

Wheat market 1@2c, better, with a moderate export demand; transactions, however, are much restricted by the firmness of holders: sales of 35,000 bushels Milwankie Club, for export chiefly, at \$1 25. Rye quiet at \$1 2,000 do. common winter red Western at \$1 40, 12,000 do. Canada Club at \$1 25, also, last evening, 51,000 bushels Milwankie Club, for export chiefly, at \$1 25. Rye quiet at \$0@32. Barley continues heavy, with sales of 15,000 bushels prime four-rowed State at 80c. Corn is without striking change: sales of 16,000 bushels at 75@76½c, for mixed Western, delivered, at the latter price; 71c. for yellow Southern and Jersey, and 80c. for prime white Southern. Oats firm, and fair business doing at 44@46½c, for Western and Conadius, and 45@46c. for State.

prime white Sou

prime white Southern. Oats firm, and fair business doing at 44@45%c. for Western and Canadian, and 45@46c. for State.

Pork dull and without material change: sales of 533 bris. at \$17 62@17 68 for new mess; \$17 37 for old mess; \$16 87@17 for thin mess; \$14 06@14 12 for new prime, \$13 for old prime. Beef quiet and steady: sales of 425 bris. at \$4@4 30 for country prime, \$5@5 50 for do. mess, \$8@10 50 for repacked mess, and \$11@12 25 for extra mess. Prime mess Beef dull and nominally unchanged. Beef Hams dull: small sales at \$14@15 75 for Western, and \$12@13 for State. Cut Meats dull and heavy: sales of 125 packages at 7c. for Shoulders, and 9@9%c, for Hams. Bacon quiet and unchanged.

ders, and unchanged.

Butter dull and unchanged at 11@13c. for Ohio, and 12@20e. for State.

Cheese firm at 10@12½c. for inferior to prime.

MELANCHOLY MORTALITY.—The Abingdon (Va.) Virginian says: "We published, in our issue of the week before last, the death of Mr. Rufus K. Williams, of Smyth County. A few days after his son Beverly died, in the tenth year of his age, and on the 2d of the same month, his daughter Margaret died, aged four years. The week following his son Samuel died, aged twenty-one years.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE—BY C. J. W. SMITH, No. A. 221 Vine-atreet. Positive Sale of Valuable Property on Western-row (Nos. 226 and 328), and So. 24. Minth-etreet, between John and St. Der Froperty on Western-row (Nos. 226 and 328), and So. 24. Minth-etreet, between John and St. Der Froperty on Western-row (Nos. 226 and 328), and the set of the control of Western-row, between Eighth and Minth-etreets, No. 238 being a furr-story Brick Bowe and Dwelling, No. 228 being a two-story Brick Dwelling of six rooms, etc. The lot is 23 feet front by 100 feet deep to an aliey.

ALSO —A large Brick Dwelling, with ball, double parlors, etc., No. 24 Ninth-street, between Western-row and John. The lot is 77 feet front by 100 feet deep, and will be divided or sold altogesther to suit purchasers.

The above property is in the center of the city and is certainly vary desirable. It will positively be sold to the highest bidders. Title perfect.

Terms made known at wale.

A COTION SALE—BY JACOB GRAFF & CO.

A Dwelling-house and Lot, Furniture, Plane su. Also—Hall off-cloth, hat-rack, stair carpet, match of rosewood inarbit-rop center-table, three-pip earpets, etc.

ALSO—Hall off-cloth, hat-rack, stair carpet, matamarbie-top sideboard, tables, cane chairs, Brussle caspet, gas light, walse coolor, painted chamber set, and could be and control furniture, of a family, No. 192 George street, between John and Smith, consaining in part of rosewood inarbit-rop center-table, three-pip earpets, etc.

ALSO—Hall oif-cloth, hat-rack, stair carpet, matamarbie-top sideboard, tables, cane chairs, Brussle caspet, gas light, walse coolor, painted chamber set, bedstead, wardvlobe, narribe-top drawing buroan, downshet and, chair, carpets, window shades, hair and shuck mattrasses, comforts, tollet ware, mahogan and cottage busictode, dressing and plain increase, washstand, wardvlobe, narribe-top drawing buroan, downshet of ground.

ALSO—A Planopoloue and Lot,—W

The Late Rains.

Cleveland, April 11.—The heavy rains the past few days result in considerable damage. The Cleveland and Pittsburg, and Contral Ohio, are both washed away, and will be obstructed for a day or two.

A telegram from Columbus says all the roads leading into there are overflowed.

Prem Leavenworth.

Leavenworth, K. T., April 11.—The contracts for the transportation of Army supplies to New Mexico, were to-day awarded to Russell, Majors & Waddell, of this city.

A telegram from Columbus says all the roads leading into there are overflowed.

Prem Leavenworth.

Leavenworth, Leavenworth of the transportation of Army supplies to New Mexico, were to-day awarded to Russell, Majors & Waddell, of this city.